date: 11/10/2011



IPEDS Help Desk 1-877-225-2568

# 2011-12 Survey Materials

**Form** 

# Fall Enrollment for 2-year degree granting

Part C Selection

Part C (Residence of First-Time Degree/Certificate-Seeking Undergraduates) is optional this year.

Do you wish to complete Part C this year?

If you select 'Yes', you will be expected to complete the Part C screens.

If you select 'No', you will skip Part C.

Yes, I will complete Part C

No, I will not complete Part C

## Part A - Fall Enrollment for Full-Time Undergraduate Students

Academic reporters report enrollment as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2011.

Program reporters report students enrolled at any time between August 1 and October 31, 2011.

## **Full-time Undergraduate Students** Race/Ethnicity Reporting Reminder: •Report Hispanic/Latino individuals of any race as Hispanic/Latino Report race for non-Hispanic/Latino individuals only Enrolled for Degree/certificate-seeking Non-degree/ Total, credit First-time Transfer-in Continuing Total degree/certificate- non-certificate-seeking full-time undergraduate seeking students Men Nonresident alien Hispanic/Latino American Indian or Alaska Native Asian Black or African American Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander White Two or more races Race and ethnicity unknown Total men Total men prior year Women Nonresident alien Hispanic/Latino American Indian or Alaska Native Asian Black or African American Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander White Two or more races Race and ethnicity unknown Total women Total women prior year **Grand total** (men+women) Grand total (men+women) prior year

# Part A - Fall Enrollment for Part-time Undergraduate Students

			Part-	time Undergraduate Stu	dents	
Race/Ethnicity Reporting Reminder:						
•Report Hispanic/Latino individuals of any race as Hispanic/Latino						
•Report race for		_				
Enrolled for			e/certificate-s	ookina	Non-degree/	Total,
credit	First-time			Total degree/certificate-		
<u>oroun</u>	1 HOC UITIC	Transier in	Continuing	seeking	non contineate cooking	undergraduate
				g		students
Men						
Nonresident						
alien						
Hispanic/Latino						
American Indian	1	J				
or Alaska Native						
Asian						
Black or African						
American	1	]				
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific						
Islander	1	1				
White						
Two or more						
races	<u> </u>	ļ	<u> </u>			
Race and ethnicity						
unknown	-	1				
Total men						
Total men prior						
year						
Women						
Nonresident						
alien Hispanic/Latino	1					
пізрапіс/цашіо						
American Indian					,	
or Alaska Native						
<u>Asian</u>						
		]				
Black or African American						
Native Hawaiian						
or Other Pacific						
Islander						
<u>White</u>						
Two or more	1					
races						
Race and						
ethnicity						
unknown						
Total women						
Total women						
prior year  Grand total						
(men+women)						
Grand total						
(men+women)						
nrior vear						

# Part A - Fall Enrollment Summary

	<b>Enrollment Summ</b>	
Students enrolled for credit	Total fu stude	
Men		
Nonresident alien		
Hispanic/Latino		
American Indian or Alaska Native		
<u>Asian</u>		
Black or African American		
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander		
White		
Two or more races		
Race and ethnicity unknown		
Total men		
Women		
Nonresident alien		
Hispanic/Latino		
American Indian or Alaska Native		
<u>Asian</u>		
Black or African American		
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander		
White		
Two or more races		
Race and ethnicity unknown		
Total women		
Grand Total (men+women)		

Part B: Fall Enrollment by Age and Gender for Full-time Undergraduate Students

Age	Full-time Underg	raduate Students
	Men	Women
Under 18		
18-19		
20-21		
22-24		
25-29		
30-34		
35-39		
40-49		
50-64		
65 and over		
Age unknown/unreported		
Total full-time undergraduate students (from part A)		

Part B - Fall Enrollment by Age and Gender for Part-time Undergraduate Students

Age	Part-time Underg	raduate Students
nge -	Men Men	Women
Under 18		
18-19		
20-21		
22-24		
25-29		
30-34		
35-39		
40-49		
50-64		
65 and over		
Age unknown/unreported		
Total part-time undergraduate students (from part A)		

_	
0	Yes, we have first-time students who enrolled within 12 months of their high school graduation.
0	No, we do not have any first-time students who enrolled within 12 months of their high school graduation.
	use the space below to provide context for the data you've reported above.

Part C - Residence of First-time Undergraduates

NOTE: These data are optional this year.

Program reporters report s	luuenis enio	neu at any time between Aug	ust I allu Octobel 31, 2011.
State of <u>residence</u> when student was first admitted	FIPS Code	Total <u>first-time</u> degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates (1)	Of students in column 1,those who enrolled within 12 months of high school graduation or receiving their GED (2)
Alabama	01		
Alaska	02		
Arizona	04		,
Arkansas	05		,
California	06		,
Colorado	08		
Connecticut	09		,
Delaware	10		
District of Columbia	11		,
Florida	12		
Georgia	13		
Hawaii	15		
Idaho	16		
Illinois	17		
Indiana	18		,
lowa	19		
Kansas	20		
Kentucky	21		
Louisiana	22		
Maine	23		

Part C - Residence of First-time Undergraduates

NOTE: These data are optional this year.

State of <u>residence</u> when student was first admitted		Total <u>first-time</u> degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates (1)	Of students in column 1, those who enrolled within 12 months of high school graduation or receiving their GED (2)
Maryland	24		
Massachusetts	25		
Michigan	26		
Minnesota	27		
Mississippi	28		
Missouri	29		
Montana	30	,	
Nebraska	31		
Nevada	32		
New Hampshire	33		
New Jersey	34		
New Mexico	35		
New York	36		
North Carolina	37		
North Dakota	38		
Ohio	39		,
Oklahoma	40		
Oregon	41		
Pennsylvania	42		'
Rhode Island	44		,

Part C - Residence of First-time Undergraduates

NOTE: These data are optional this year.

			August 1 and October 31, 2011.
State of <u>residence</u> when student was first admitted	FIPS Code	Total <u>first-time</u> degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates (1)	Of students in column 1, those who enrolled <b>within 12 months</b> of high school graduation or receiving their GED (2)
South Carolina	45		
South Dakota	46	,	
Tennessee	47	,	
Texas	48	,	
Utah	49	,	
Vermont	50	,	
Virginia	51		
Washington	53		
West Virginia	54		
Wisconsin	55		
Wyoming	56		
State Unknown	57		
American Samoa	60		
Federated States of Micronesia	64		
Guam	66		
Marshall Islands	68		
Northern Marianas	69		
Palau	70		
Puerto Rico	72	,	
Virgin Islands	78	,	
Foreign Countries	90		
Residence unknown/unreported Total first-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates (from Part A)	98		
You may use the space below to provide	context	for the data you've report	rted above.

This part is only required from academic reporters.

# Part D - Total Undergraduate Entering Class

Tare B Total officer graduate Effecting class	
Total Undergraduate Entering Class, Fall 2011	
D1Total full-time, first-time degree/certificate-seeking <u>undergraduates</u> from Part A (GRS <u>cohort</u> )	
D2 Total first-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates (full-time + part-time) from Part A	
D3 Total transfer-in degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates (full-time + part-time) from Part A	
D4 Total non-degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates (full-time + part-time) from Part A	
D5 Of the total non-degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates displayed on line D4, the number that are new to the institution in Fall 2011	
D6Total <u>entering students</u> at the undergraduate level  Note: This is calculated as first-time students (line D2) + students transferring to the institution (line D3) + non-degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates entering in Fall 2011 (line D5).	
D7 Percentage of undergraduate entering class represented by your GRS <u>cohort</u> (line D1/line D6)	

## Part E - First-Time Student Cohort Retention Rates (Full-time)

# Retention Rates Full-time, First-time Cohort from Fall 2010

The Fall 2010 cohort is preloaded based on data reported in the prior year Fall Enrollment survey component.

Academic reporters report retention data as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15. Program reporters determine the cohort with enrollment any time between August 1 and October 31, 2010 and retention based on August 1, 2011.

The retention rate is calculated by the system after clicking "Save" on the screen. Exclusions are subtracted from the original cohort and the resulting adjusted cohort is used for calculating the retention rate.

#### **Retention Data Reporting Reminders:**

- Include only **full-time**, **first-time** students in this cohort.
- Determine full-time using Fall 2010 attendance status (e.g. if a student was full-time in Fall 2010, report them in the full-time cohort regardless of Fall 2011 status).
- If there are no students to report in the cohort, enter zero. Do not leave the field blank.
- Report in the exclusions box (line E2) the number of students from the cohort who left the
  institution for any of the following reasons: died or were totally and permanently disabled; to
  serve in the armed forces (including those called to active duty); to serve with a foreign aid
  service of the Federal Government (e.g. Peace Corps); or to serve on official church missions.

service of the rederal dovernment (e.g. re	ace corps), or to serve o	il official church fillssions.
	Prelo <sub>c</sub> coh	
FULL-TIME, FIRST-TIME COHORT RETENTION:		
E1 &nbspFull-time, first-time Fall 2010 cohort		0
E2 <u>Exclusions</u> from the Fall 2010 cohort		
E3 Adjusted Fall 2010 cohort (line E1 - line E2)		
<b>E4</b> Students from Fall 2010 cohort who are <b>still enrolle</b> Fall 2010 cohort who <b>completed their program</b> as of Fall		
<b>E5</b> &nbspFull-time, first-time Fall 2010 cohort retention (E3)	ate (line E4 / line	% %
You may use the space below to provide context for These context notes will be posted on the College Natistudents and parents.	•	

## Part E - First-Time Student Cohort Retention Rates (Part-time)

# Retention Rates Part-time, First-time Cohort from Fall 2010

The Fall 2010 cohort is preloaded based on data reported in the prior year Fall Enrollment survey component.

Academic reporters report retention data as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15. Program reporters determine the cohort with enrollment any time between August 1 and October 31, 2010 and retention based on August 1, 2011.

The retention rate is calculated by the system after clicking "Save" on the screen. Exclusions are subtracted from the original cohort and the resulting adjusted cohort is used for calculating the retention rate.

#### **Retention Data Reporting Reminders:**

- Include only **part-time**, **first-time** students in this cohort.
- Determine part-time using Fall 2010 attendance status (e.g. if a student was part-time in Fall 2010, report them in the part-time cohort regardless of their Fall 2011 status).
- If there are no students to report in the cohort, enter zero. Do not leave the field blank.
- Report in the exclusions box (line E7) the number of students from the cohort who left the institution for any of the following reasons: died or were totally and permanently disabled; to serve in the armed forces (including those called to active duty); to serve with a foreign aid service of the Federal Government (e.g. Peace Corps); or to serve on official church missions.

		Preloaded cohort			Prior year data
PAR	T-TIME, FIRST-TIME COHORT RETENTION:				
E6	Part-time, first-time Fall 2010 cohort			0	
E7	Exclusions from the Fall 2010 cohort				
E8	Adjusted Fall 2010 cohort (line E6 - line E7)				
<b>E9</b> Fall :	Students from Fall 2010 cohort who are <b>still enrolled +</b> students from 2010 cohort who <b>completed their program</b> as of Fall 2011				
E10	Part-time, first-time Fall 2010 cohort retention rate (line E9 / line E8)			%	%
ψy	ou may use the space below to provide context for the data you've	reported above			
Thes	se context notes will be posted on the College Navigator website, ar	nd should be wr	itten to be und	lerst	ood by
stud	ents and parents.				

lote: Logic in this item is similar to item I-2 from the Common Data Set data collection.  Click here to use a worksheet to help you determine the student-to-faculty ratio	Part F - Student-to-Faculty Ratio	
lote: Logic in this item is similar to item I-2 from the Common Data Set data collection.  Click here to use a worksheet to help you determine the student-to-faculty ratio  Student-to-faculty ratio  Student-to-faculty ratio prior year  To 1  You may use the space below to provide context for the data you've reported above. These context notes will be posted on the College Navigator website, and should be written to be understood to the college Navigator website, and should be written to be understood to the college Navigator website, and should be written to be understood to the college Navigator website, and should be written to be understood to the college Navigator website, and should be written to be understood to the college Navigator website, and should be written to be understood to the college Navigator website.	Please provide your institution's student-to-faculty ratio (i.e., student-to-	-instructional staff) for undergraduate
lote: Logic in this item is similar to item I-2 from the Common Data Set data collection.  Click here to use a worksheet to help you determine the student-to-faculty ratio  Student-to-faculty ratio  Student-to-faculty ratio prior year  to 1  You may use the space below to provide context for the data you've reported above. These context notes will be posted on the College Navigator website, and should be written to be understood to	programs for Fall 2011. The student-to-faculty ratio and any accompany	ing context that is provided will be
Click here to use a worksheet to help you determine the student-to-faculty ratio  Student-to-faculty ratio  Student-to-faculty ratio prior year  to 1  You may use the space below to provide context for the data you've reported above. These context notes will be posted on the College Navigator website, and should be written to be understood to	displayed on College Navigator.	
Click here to use a worksheet to help you determine the student-to-faculty ratio  Student-to-faculty ratio  Student-to-faculty ratio prior year  to 1  You may use the space below to provide context for the data you've reported above. These context notes will be posted on the College Navigator website, and should be written to be understood to		
Student-to-faculty ratio  Student-to-faculty ratio prior year  to 1  You may use the space below to provide context for the data you've reported above.  These context notes will be posted on the College Navigator website, and should be written to be understood to the context notes.	Note: Logic in this item is similar to item I-2 from the Common Data Set	data collection.
Student-to-faculty ratio  Student-to-faculty ratio prior year  to 1  You may use the space below to provide context for the data you've reported above.  These context notes will be posted on the College Navigator website, and should be written to be understood to the context notes.		
Student-to-faculty ratio prior year to 1  You may use the space below to provide context for the data you've reported above.  These context notes will be posted on the College Navigator website, and should be written to be understood to	Click here to use a worksheet to help you determine the	student-to-faculty ratio
You may use the space below to provide context for the data you've reported above.  These context notes will be posted on the College Navigator website, and should be written to be understood be	Student-to-faculty ratio	to 1
You may use the space below to provide context for the data you've reported above.  These context notes will be posted on the College Navigator website, and should be written to be understood be		
hese context notes will be posted on the College Navigator website, and should be written to be understood by	Student-to-faculty ratio prior year	to 1
	Tou may use the space below to provide context for the data you've	reported above.
tudents and parents.	These context notes will be posted on the College Navigator website, an	d should be written to be understood by
	students and parents.	

rograms Worksheet	a bala yay datawa ina yayu iwatita t	ionlo ofudort to forult	notic for	ware drasts
_	o help you determine your institut	ion's student-to-faculty	ratio for unde	ergraduate
rograms.				
ata entered on this workshe	et will NOT be collected or saved.	Therefore please PRIM	IT this screen	if you would
	lation for your institution at a later			ii you would
no to folor to the fatto dalour	anon for your montation at a factor			
Note: The logic used for this	calculation is similar to item I-2 fro	om the Common Data S	et data collec	tion.
	Students, Fall 20			
F1 Total full-time students from	m Part A			
r i Total full-tille students from	II Fall A			
F2 Total part-time students fro	om Part A			
F3 Full-time equivalent of part (Line F2 * 1/3)	-time students			
(LIIIE FZ 1/3)				
F4 Total full-time equivalent s	tudents			
(Line F1 + F3)	Instructional Staff, Fa	all 2011		
FULL-TIME INSTRUCTIONAL	STAFF:			
F5 Number of full-time instruc	tional staff as reported on the HR su	rvey component		
Full-Time Instructional Staff E	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
F6 Full-Time Instructional S	taff Exclusion: instructional staff reported in Line F5	the number teaching		
exclusively <b>non-credit</b> cou		, the number teaching		
F7 T-(-1 - 1' - (-1 f   1 f   1 f   - 1 f   1 f				
F7 Total adjusted full-time ins (Line F5 - F6)	tructional staff			
PART-TIME INSTRUCTIONAL	_			
F8 Number of part-time instru	ctional staff as reported on the HR su	urvey component		
Part-Time Instructional Staff				
F9 Of the number of part-time exclusively <b>non-credit</b> cou	instructional staff reported in Line F	8, the number teaching		
Part-Time Instructional Staff				
F10 Number of administrators,	or other staff not reported to IPEDS	as instructors, that are		
teaching a credit course(s)	in the Fall			
F11 Total adjusted part-time in	structional staff			
(Line F8 - F9 + F10)	usted part-time instructional staff			
(Line F11 * 1/3)	isted part-time instructional stan			
E12 Total full time equivalent in	netructional staff			
F13 Total full-time equivalent ir (Line F7 + F12)	istructional stan			
E14 Childont to faculty with				4- 4
F14 Student-to-faculty ratio (Line F4/F13)				to 1
(				

date: 11/10/2011

Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System 2011-12

# 2011-12 Survey Materials

**Instructions** 

## **Fall Enrollment Full Instructions**

# **Purpose of Survey**

## **Changes in Reporting**

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## Where to Get Help For Reporting

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## Where the Reported Data Will Appear

**Institution Level** Aggregate Level

## **Reporting Directions**

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Reporting Individuals by Racial/Ethnic Categories

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Part B: Fall Enrollment by Age

Part C: Residence of First-Time Degree/Certificate-Seeking Undergraduates

Part D: Total Undergraduate Entering Class

Part E: Retention Rates for First-Time Degree/Certificate-Seeking Undergraduates

Part F: Student-to-Faculty Ratio

# **Purpose of Survey**

The purpose of the Fall Enrollment component of IPEDS is to collect enrollment data on all students enrolled for credit in courses/programs that could lead to awards ranging from postsecondary certificates of less than 1 year to doctoral degrees. Fall enrollment data are collected by level of student, attendance status, race/ethnicity, and gender. In addition, the Fall Enrollment component collects data on the institution's undergraduate entering class, first-time student retention rates, and the student-to-faculty ratio. Every other year data on enrollment by nine selected fields of study are collected, as is residency of first-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students. In opposite years, enrollment by student age is collected.

# **Changes in Reporting**

Institutions must continue to report using the new race/ethnicity categories. Using the new categories was first required in last year's Spring 2011 collection.

## **General Instructions**

## **Reporting Period Covered**

For institutions operating on a traditional academic year calendar (semester, trimester, quarter, or 4-1-4), fall enrollment should be reported as of the institution's official fall reporting date or October 15.

For institutions operating on an "other academic calendar," a calendar that differs by program, or enrolls students on a continuous basis (referred to as program reporters), fall enrollment is reported for students enrolled any time during the period August 1 and October 31.

## **Context Boxes**

Context boxes are provided to allow institutions to provide more information regarding survey component items. Note that some context boxes are posted on the <u>College Navigator Website</u>, which is the college search tool offered by NCES. NCES will review entries in these context boxes for applicability and appropriateness before posting them on the <u>College Navigator Website</u>; institutions should check grammar and spelling of their entries.

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## Coverage

#### Who to Include

Include all students **enrolled for credit** (courses or programs that can be applied towards the requirements for a postsecondary degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award), regardless of whether or not they are seeking a degree or certificate. This includes:

- Students enrolled for credit in off-campus centers
- High school students taking regular college courses for credit
- Students taking remedial courses if the student is degree-seeking for the purpose of student financial aid determination
- Students from overseas enrolled in U.S. courses for credit (e.g., online students)

#### Who to Exclude

Exclude students who are **not** enrolled for credit. For example, exclude:

- Students enrolled exclusively in courses that cannot be applied towards a formal award
- Students enrolled exclusively in Continuing Education Units (CEUs)
- · Students exclusively auditing classes

In addition, the following students should be excluded:

- Any student studying abroad (e.g., at a foreign university) if their enrollment at the 'home' institution is **only** an administrative record and the fee is nominal
- Students in any branch campus located in a foreign country

## Where to Get Help

## **IPEDS Data Collection Help Desk**

Phone: 1-877-225-2568 Email: <u>ipedshelp@rti.org</u>

#### **AIR Website**

You can also consult the <u>AIR website</u> that contains several tutorials on IPEDS data collection, a self-paced overview of IPEDS tools and other valuable resources.

## **IPEDS Resources Page**

In addition, the <u>IPEDS Resources Page</u> contains frequently asked questions, a link to the glossary, data tip sheets, an archive of survey instruments, information on the new race/ethnicity categories and other relevant information.

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# Where the Data Will Appear

Data collected through IPEDS will be accessible at the institution- and aggregate-levels.

At the institution-level, data will appear in the:

- College Navigator Website
- IPEDS Data Center
- IPEDS Data Feedback Reports

At the aggregate-level, data will appear in:

- IPEDS First Looks
- IPEDS Table Library
- IPEDS Data Feedback Reports
- The Digest of Education Statistics
- The Condition of Education

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# **Reporting Directions**

## **Screening Questions**

Before entering any data, screening questions will need to be answered.

#### Part C Selection.

Part C (Residence of First-time Degree/Certificate-Seeking Undergraduate Students) is optional this year. Indicate whether or not you will complete Part C of the Fall Enrollment survey component this year.

## Reporting Persons by Racial/Ethnic Category

## Reporting Persons by Racial/Ethnic Category (1997 OMB)

This information is being collected in compliance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 and Sec. 421(a)(1) of the Carl D. Perkins Vocational Education Act. These instructions correspond with the Final Guidance on Maintaining, Collecting, and Reporting Racial and Ethnic Data to the U.S. Department of Education, published in the Federal Register on October 19, 2007.

**Method of collection** - Institutions must collect race and ethnicity information using a 2-question format. The first question is whether the respondent is Hispanic/Latino. The second question is whether the respondent is from one or more races from the following list: American Indian or Alaska Native, Asian, Black or African American, Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander, and White. Institutions should allow students and staff to self-identify their race and ethnicity. For further details on the guidance for collecting data, please see the full Federal Register notice. **Method of reporting aggregate data** - Institutions must report aggregate data to the U.S. Department of Education using the NINE categories below. Racial/ethnic designations are requested only for United States citizens, resident aliens, and other eligible non-citizens.

Hispanic or Latino, regardless of race

For Non-Hispanic/Latino individuals:

- American Indian or Alaska Native
- Asian
- Black or African American
- Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander
- White
- Two or more races

In addition, the following categories may be used:

- Nonresident alien
- Race and ethnicity unknown

**Racial/ethnic descriptions** - Racial/ethnic designations as used in this survey do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. The categories are:

- Hispanic or Latino- A person of Cuban, Mexican, Puerto Rican, South or Central American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.
- American Indian or Alaska Native- A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community attachment.
- Asian- A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian Subcontinent, including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam.
- Black or African American- A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa.
- Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander- A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guan, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands.
- White A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa.

## Other descriptive categories

- **Nonresident alien** A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely. NOTE Nonresident aliens are to be reported separately, in the boxes provided, rather than included in any of the seven racial/ethnic categories. Resident aliens and other eligible (for financial aid purposes) noncitizens who are not citizens or nationals of the United States and who have been admitted as legal immigrants for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who hold either an alien registration card (Form I-551 or I-151), a Temporary Resident Card (Form I-688), or an Arrival-Departure Record (Form I-94) with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian) are to be reported in the appropriate racial/ethnic categories along with United States citizens.
- Race and ethnicity unknown This category is used only if the person did not select EITHER a
  racial or ethnic designation.

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Part A: Full-Time Undergraduate Students by Race/Ethnicity and Gender

On this screen, include all students enrolled for credit, full-time at the undergraduate level. The undergraduate level includes students enrolled in undergraduate level courses, associate's degree programs, or any certificate programs below the baccalaureate level. Students who have already earned a bachelor's degree but are taking undergraduate courses for credit should be included as undergraduates.

## Full-time, first-time degree/certificate-seeking students

In column 1, report undergraduate students who have no prior postsecondary experience and have enrolled full-time with the intent to earn a degree, certificate, or other formal award. The following are also considered first-time:

- Students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer session
- Students who entered with advanced standing (any college credits earned before graduation from high school)

In order to be considered degree or certificate-seeking, the student must be enrolled in courses for credit and be recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or other formal award. **Note:** All students eligible to receive federal student financial aid are to be considered degree/certificate-seeking.

**Program Reporters:** Include first-time students who entered your institution between August 1, 2011 and October 31, 2011.

**Academic Reporters:** Student counts reported in column 1 define the initial cohort for reporting graduation rates in the IPEDS Graduation Rate Survey (GRS) component to meet Student Right-to-Know reporting requirements. Students reported in this group will become your GRS cohort in the reporting year appropriate for your institution. The number of students reported in column 1 will also appear in Part D to be used in determining the percentage of the undergraduate entering class represented by the cohort.

## Full-time, transfer-in degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students

In column 2, report the total number of full-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students entering the reporting institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the undergraduate level. These students may or may not have transferred credit(s).

#### Full-time, continuing degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students

In column 3, report the total number of continuing (i.e., not first-time and not transfer-in) full-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students. These are students who are not new to the institution in the fall, but instead are continuing their studies at the institution.

Full-time, non-degree/certificate-seeking full-time undergraduates

In column 5, report the total number of full-time non-degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates. These students are enrolled for credit but not with the intent of earning a degree or other formal award. Note: High school students enrolled in creditable courses prior to high school graduation are considered non-degree/certificate-seeking students.

Once you save the data by clicking the 'Verify and Save' button, the 'Total full-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates' (column 4) and 'Total, full-time undergraduate students' (column 6) will be calculated by the system and display on the survey screen.

## **Part A: Part-time Undergraduate Students**

Report part-time students using the same definitions and instructions provided for full-time undergraduate students.

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## Part B: Fall Enrollment by Age and Gender

Part B is required this year. This part is required in odd-numbered years.

This distribution of students should include all students reported in Part A.

**Enrollment by Age** 

Use institutional records to calculate student age.

**Academic reporters:** report student age as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2011.

**Program reporters:** report student age as of August 1, 2011.

The totals by gender for each attendance status (full- or part-time) and student level (undergraduate or graduate) will be carried forward from the corresponding Part A screens. When the Part B and Part A totals do not agree, the "Age unknown/unreported" is calculated.

**Note:** If the Part B student count total is larger than the total carried forward from Part A (resulting in a negative value), a fatal error results. In this case, reexamine both the age data and comparable portion of Part A to identify the error and make appropriate corrections.

#### Part C: Residence of First-time Degree/Certificate-Seeking Undergraduate Students

Part C is optional this year. This part is required in even-numbered years only.

This distribution of students should include all **first-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students** (both full- and part-time) reported in Part A.

# **Recent High School Graduates Screening Question**

Part C begins with a screening question to determine whether or not your institution has first-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students who enrolled within 12 months of graduating high school or receiving their GED. If the answer is 'Yes', then 2 columns will be reported in Part C, one for all first-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates and one for those first-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates enrolled within 12 months of graduating high school or receiving their GED. If the answer is 'No', then only one column for all first-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates will display in Part C.

#### State of residence

Use the state identified by the student as his/her permanent address at the time of application to the institution. This may be the legal residence of a parent or guardian, or the state in which a student has a driver's license or is registered to vote. It is not necessarily the state in which the student's high school is located.

Residence of first-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students

In column (1), report **all** first-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students, **both full-time and part-time**, by state of residence. The total line for column (1) will be carried forward from the total first-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students reported in Part A. If the sum of the students reported by state of residence in column (1), lines 1-90, does not agree with the total first-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates from Part A, the "Residence unknown/unreported" (line 98) will be calculated.

**Note:** When the sum of students by state of residence is larger than the total carried forward from Part A (resulting in a negative value calculated for the "Residence unknown/unreported" line), a fatal error results. In this case, reexamine both the residence data and comparable section of Part A to identify the error and make appropriate corrections.

If your institution responded 'Yes' to the screening question, the subset of students from column (1) who enrolled within 12 months of graduating high school or receiving their GED are to be reported again by their state of residence in column (2).

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## **Part D: Total Undergraduate Entering Class**

## Program reporters and non-degree-granting institutions do not complete Part D.

Total entering class data are included to address concerns some institutions have raised about the cohort that is defined by the IPEDS Graduation Rate survey (GRS). The GRS cohort includes only full-time, first-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students. For institutions with substantial part-time, transfer-in, and non-degree/certificate-seeking enrollment, this may result in graduation rates that are not representative of their typical entering class.

The total undergraduate entering class is comprised of all first-time undergraduates (full-time and part-time), all transfer-in undergraduates (full-time and part-time) and the subset of non-degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates who are new to the institution in the Fall. To reach the total entering class total, Part D follows a line-by-line step process.

**Lines D1 - D4** are carried forward from Part A reporting.

**In Line D5**, report the subset of non-degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students displayed on line D4, who are new to the institution in Fall 2011.

**Line D6** will calculate the total undergraduate entering students. This is calculated as all first-time students (line D2) + all transfer-in students (line D3) + non-degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students new to the institution in Fall 2011 (line D5).

After clicking 'Save', **Line D7** will display the percentage of the undergraduate entering class that is represented by the current GRS cohort (the GRS cohort is carried forward from Part A and displayed in Line D1). The percentage is calculated as line D1/D6.

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Part E: Retention Rates for the First-Time Degree/Certificate-Seeking Student Cohort
Retention rates examine the percentage of first-time degree/certificate seeking students enrolled in the fall of
the prior year that are either still enrolled in the fall of the current year or have completed their program in
that time.

The retention cohorts, full-time and part-time, first-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates from Fall 2010, are preloaded from Part A of the prior year Fall Enrollment survey component.

On each retention screen (full-time cohort and part-time cohort screens), institutions must:

- Verify the preloaded Fall 2010 cohort.
   Attendance status (full- or part-time) should be based on the student's Fall 2010 attendance status.
- Report any exclusions for the cohort (see below for allowable exclusions).
- Report the total number of students retained from the Fall 2010 cohort.
   Total students retained = students from Fall 2010 cohort still enrolled as of Fall 2011 + students from Fall 2010 cohort who completed their program as of Fall 2011

**Academic reporters:** Report students retained as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2011.

**Program reporters:** Report students retained as of August 1, 2011.

#### **Exclusions:**

Institutions may report exclusions for the Fall 2010 cohort. Allowable exclusions are students who left the institution for any of the following reasons:

- Died or were totally and permanently disabled
- To serve in the armed forces (including those called to active duty)
- To serve with a foreign aid service of the Federal Government (e.g., Peace Corps)
- To serve on official church missions

The system will compute an **adjusted** cohort by subtracting the student exclusions from the original cohort prior to calculating the retention rate.

Retention rates will be computed by the system after clicking 'Save.' The retention rate is calculated as: (Students from Fall 2010 cohort still enrolled + Students from Fall 2010 cohort who completed their program as of Fall 2011/Adjusted Fall 2010 cohort)\*100.

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## **Part F: Student-to-Faculty Ratio**

#### Graduate only institutions do not complete Part F.

Report the student-to-faculty ratio for undergraduate programs at your institution. A worksheet is available to help determine your institution's ratio. Click on the link from the Part F screen to access the worksheet.

# **Worksheet for Less Than Four-Year Institutions and Four-Year Institutions without Graduate or Professional Programs**

The worksheet is designed to help institutions determine their student-to-faculty ratio. Data entered on the worksheet will **NOT** be collected or saved. Make sure to **print** the screen in order to refer to the ratio calculation for your institution at a later time. Please note: The logic used in this calculation is similar to that of item I-2 from the Common Data Set data collection.

#### **FULL- AND PART-TIME STUDENT DATA:**

All student data on the worksheet is either carried forward from Part A or a calculated field.

**Lines F1 and F2.** Total full-time and total part-time students. The total number of full- and part-time students are carried forward from Part A.

**Line F3**. A full-time equivalent (FTE) of the part-time student count. The FTE will be calculated as line F2 (total part-time student count) \* 1/3.

#### Line F4. Total FTE students.

This is calculated as the sum of lines F1 (total full-time students) and F3 (FTE of part-time students). Line F4 is used in the ratio calculation.

#### **FULL-AND PART-TIME INSTRUCTIONAL STAFF DATA:**

Lines F5 and F8 should be reported based on data your institution is reporting in the IPEDS Human Resources (HR) survey component. Please work together with the appropriate staff at your institution to ensure that the data used on this worksheet and reported in the HR component are the same.

**In line F5**, report the total number of full-time instructional staff as reported on the HR component.

In line F8, report the total number of part-time instructional staff as reported on the HR component.

#### **Instructional Staff Exclusion for Non-Credit Instructors:**

**In line F6**, report the number of full-time instructional staff reported in line F5 that are teaching exclusively non-credit courses.

**In line F9**, report the number of part-time instructional staff reported in line F8 that are teaching exclusively non-credit courses.

For institutions that have a large amount of non-credit activity, the above exclusions will better align the student data with the instructional staff data being used in the ratio.

#### Part-Time Instructional Staff Addition:

**In line F10**, report the number of administrators or other staff **NOT** reported to IPEDS as instructors (and therefore not included in the instructional staff count reported in line F8) that are teaching a credit course in the Fall.

For institutions that have administrators and other professionals on staff that are not reported to IPEDS as instructors (because it is not their "primary function") but they teach credit courses, the above allowable addition will produce a more accurate ratio.

With the above instructional staff exclusions and part-time instructional staff addition information above, the system will compute the following on the worksheet:

#### **Line F7**. Total adjusted full-time instructional staff.

The adjusted full-time instructional staff is the total full-time instructional staff, excluding those teaching exclusively non-credit classes. The system will calculate line F7 as line F5 (total full-time instructional staff as reported on the HR component) minus line F6 (total full-time instructional staff teaching exclusively non-credit courses).

## Line F11. Total adjusted part-time instructional staff.

The adjusted part-time instructional staff is the total part-time instructional staff, excluding those teaching exclusively non-credit classes, and adding those administrators and other staff teaching credit courses. The system will calculate line F11 as line F8 (total part-time instructional staff as reported on the HR component) minus line F9 (total part-time instructional staff teaching exclusively non-credit courses) + line F10 (administrators and other staff teaching credit courses).

## Line F12. Total FTE of adjusted part-time instructional staff.

The FTE will be calculated as line F11 (total adjusted part-time instructional staff) \* 1/3.

#### **Line F13**. Total FTE of adjusted instructional staff.

This is calculated as the sum of lines F7 (total adjusted full-time instructional staff) and F12 (FTE of total adjusted part-time instructional staff). Line F13 is used in the ratio calculation.

#### Line F14. Student-to-faculty ratio.

The ratio will be calculated by the system as line F4 (total adjusted FTE students) divided by line F13 (total adjusted FTE instructional staff). The ratio will be displayed on the worksheet as xxx to 1.

# The calculated ratio can then be entered onto the Part F (Student-to-Faculty Ratio) screen.

•	4.10, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 2		
Term	Definition		
Adjusted cohort	The result of removing any allowable exclusions from a cohort (or subcohort). For the Graduation Rates component, this is the cohort from which graduation and transfer-out rates are calculated; for the Fall Enrollment component, it is the cohort for calculating retention rate.		
American Indian or Alaska Native (new definition)	A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community attachment.		
Asian (new definition)	A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian Subcontinent, including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam.		
Audit/auditing (a class)	Term used when a student elects to take a course, but does not wish to receive credit for the course toward a degree or other formal award.		
Black or African American (new definition)	A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa.		
Cohort	A specific group of students established for tracking purposes.		
Credit	Recognition of attendance or performance in an <u>instructional activity</u> (course or <u>program</u> ) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a postsecondary <u>degree</u> , <u>diploma</u> , <u>certificate</u> , or other formal award, irrespective of the activity's unit of measurement.		
Credit course	A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a postsecondary <u>degree</u> , <u>diploma</u> , <u>certificate</u> , or other formal award, irrespective of the activity's unit of measurement.		
Degree/certificate-seeking students	Students enrolled in courses for credit and recognized by the institution as seeking a degree, certificate, or other formal award. High school students also enrolled in postsecondary courses for credit are not considered degree/certificate-seeking.		
Dual credit	A program through which high school students are enrolled in Advanced Placement (AP) courses, taught at their high school, that fulfill high school graduation requirements and may earn the student college credits .		
Dual enrollment	A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.		
Entering students (undergraduate)	Students at the <u>undergraduate</u> level, both <u>full-time</u> and <u>part-time</u> , coming into the institution for the first time in the <u>fall term</u> (or the prior summer term who returned again in the fall). This includes a first-time undergraduate students, students transferring into the institution at the undergraduate level for the first time, and non-degree/certificate seeking undergraduates entering in the fall.		
Exclusions	Those students who may be removed (deleted) from a cohort (or subcohort). For the Graduation Rates and Fall Enrollment retention rate reporting, students may be removed from a cohort if the left the institution for one of the following reasons: death or total and permanent disability; service the armed forces (including those called to active duty); service with a foreign aid service of the federal government, such as the Peace Corps; or service on official church missions.		
First-time student (undergraduate)	A student who has no prior postsecondary experience (except as noted below) attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. This includes students enrolled in academic or occupational programs. It also includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term, and students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).		
Full-time student	Undergraduate: A student enrolled for 12 or more <u>semester credits</u> , or 12 or more <u>quarter</u> credits, or 24 or more <u>contact hours</u> a week each term. Graduate: A student enrolled for 9 or more semester credits, or 9 or more quarter credits, or a student involved in thesis or dissertation preparation that is considered full time by the institution. <u>Doctor's degree - Professional practice</u> - as defined by the institution.		
High school diploma or recognized equivalent	A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the GED or another state specified examination.		
Hispanic or Latino (new definition)	A person of Cuban, Mexican, Puerto Rican, South or Central American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.		
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander (new definition)	A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands.		
Non-degree-seeking student	A student enrolled in courses for credit who is not recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award.		
Noncredit course	A course or activity having no credit applicable toward a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.		
Nonresident alien	A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.		
Official fall reporting date	The date (in the fall) on which an institution must report fall enrollment data to either the state, its board of trustees or governing board, or some other external governing body.		
Part-time student	Undergraduate: A student enrolled for either less than 12 <u>semester</u> or <u>quarter</u> <u>credits</u> , or less than 24 <u>contact hours</u> a week each term. Graduate: A student enrolled for less than 9 semester or quarter credits.		

Race/ethnicity (new definition)	Categories developed in 1997 by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) that are used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. The designations are used to categorize U.S. citizens, resident aliens, and other eligible non-citizens. Individuals are asked to first designate ethnicity as:		
	Hispanic or Latino or		
	Not Hispanic or Latino		
	Second, individuals are asked to indicate all races that apply among the following:		
	<ul> <li>American Indian or Alaska Native</li> <li>Asian</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Black or African American</li> <li>Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander</li> </ul>		
	White		
	winte		
Race/ethnicity unknown	The category used to report students or employees whose race and ethnicity are not known.		
Remedial courses	Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.		
Residence	A person's permanent address determined by such evidence as a driver's license or voter registration. For entering freshmen, residence may be the legal residence of a parent or guardian.		
Retention rate	A measure of the rate at which students persist in their educational program at an institution, expressed as a percentage. For four-year institutions, this is the percentage of first-time bachelors (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduates from the previous fall who are again enrolled in the current fall. For all other institutions this is the percentage of first-time degree/certificate-seeking students from the previous fall who either re-enrolled or successfully completed their program by the current fall.		
State of residence	A person's permanent address as determined by such evidence as a driver's license or voter registration. For entering freshmen, state of residence may be the legal state of residence of a pare or guardian.		
State unknown	Status used when the reporting institution is unable to determine from existing records the home state or residence of the student.		
Student-to-faculty ratio	The ratio of FTE students to FTE instructional staff, i.e., students divided by staff.		
	Students enrolled in "stand-alone" graduate or professional programs and instructional staff teachin in these programs are <b>excluded</b> from both full-time and part-time counts.		
	"Stand-alone" graduate or professional programs are those programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, or public health, in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-lev students (also referred to as "independent" programs).		
	Each FTE value is equal to the number of full-time students/staff plus 1/3 the number of part-time students/staff.		
Study abroad	Arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another countr Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or a institution of another country.		
Summer session	A summer session is shorter than a regular session and is not considered part of the academic year It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have two or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.		
Transfer-in student	A student entering the reporting institution for the first time but known to have previously attended postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate, graduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.		
Undergraduate	A student enrolled in a 4- or 5-year bachelor's degree program, an associate's degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.		
White (new definition)	A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa.		

IPEDS Help Desk 1-877-225-2568

## 2011-12 Survey Materials

F.A.Q.

Fall Enrollment date: 11/10/2011

## Click one of the following questions to view the answer.

#### General

- 1) Who should I include in my enrollment reporting?
- 2) What is the reporting period/date for fall enrollment?
- 3) Should I report students who are studying abroad?
- 4) In the past I reported first-professional students on this component. Why are there no screens for reporting first-professional students?

## Fall Enrollment by Student Level, Race/Ethnicity and Gender (Part A)

- 1) Where do I report students if I don't know whether or not they are first-time?
- 2) If a student enrolled for credit has not indicated whether they intend to earn a degree or certificate, how do I determine whether they are degree/certificate-seeking?
- 3) Where do I report students who are seeking a second baccalaureate degree?
- 4) Where do I report a high school student who is enrolled for credit at my institution (a dual enrolled student)?
- 5) Where do I report undergraduate students who enrolled at my institution for the first time this fall, but earned college credits during the prior summer?
- 6) How do I report a student who earned college credit while in high school (a dual enrolled student) and has now graduated high school and enrolled in my institution in the Fall?
- 7) How do I report foreign students living outside the U.S. who are enrolled in my institution?

## Fall Enrollment in Selected Fields (Part A, 4-year institutions only)

- 1) What do I do if my institution does not offer any of the program areas listed on the CIP selection screen?
- 2) How do I report students in program areas that do not appear on the CIP selection screen?
- 3) How do I report undergraduates who have not yet declared a major?

## Fall Enrollment by Age (Part B)

- 1) I am not able to enter a number in the "Age unknown/unreported" box. How do I report students whose ages are unknown?
- 2) My institution uses age range categories that differ from the ones IPEDS uses in Part B. What should I do?

## Residence of First-Time Undergraduates (Part C)

1) Some first-time undergraduates at my institution are dependents whose parents are in foreign countries on a temporary basis (e.g., military/diplomatic service). When reporting residence and migration data, what location do I use?

## Total Undergraduate Entering Class (Part D)

1) What is the difference between the full-time, first-time degree/certificate-seeking cohort (GRS cohort) and the undergraduate entering class calculated in Part D?

## Retention Rates for First-Time Undergraduates (Part E)

- 1) How is the retention rate calculated?
- 2) How do I report students who changed attendance status (part-time to full-time or full-time to part-time) between one fall and the next?
- 3) Are students on a leave of absence from the institution considered retained?

## **Undergraduate Student-to-Faculty Ratio (Part F)**

- 1) How do I calculate my institution's student-to-faculty ratio?
- 2) Can you provide an example of a stand-alone graduate or professional program (a program such as medicine, law, veterinary, or dentistry in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students)?
- 3) My institution has graduate and/or doctors-professional practice programs but does not have any "stand-alone" programs. What should I enter on the student and faculty exclusion line items related to these types of programs on the worksheet for Part F?

#### Answers:

#### General

#### 1) Who should I include in my enrollment reporting?

All students enrolled *for credit* should be reported. Credit is defined as "Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award, irrespective of the activity's unit of measurement."

Students who are not seeking a degree or certificate may be still be enrolled for credit. These students are to be reported in the non-degree/certificate-seeking column.

#### 2) What is the reporting period/date for fall enrollment?

Fall enrollment is a count of students enrolled on a particular date in the Fall. Fall enrollment is often referred to as a "snapshot" of the enrollment at an institution at a specific time in the Fall. The date/period used depends on whether the institution is an academic reporter or a program reporter for IPEDS purposes.

**Academic reporters:** Report enrollment as of October 15 or as of the institution's official fall reporting date. **Program reporters:** Report enrollment during the 3-month period of August 1 to October 31. If a student enrolls or remains enrolled at any time during that period, the student is included in the fall enrollment counts.

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## 3) Should I report students who are studying abroad?

If the students enroll in your institution, pay tuition to your institution, but attend classes in a foreign country for a short period of time, they should be included in your institution's enrollment report. If your institution serves only an administrative function and the fee the student pays to your institution is nominal, then do not include these students in your report.

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# 4) In the past I reported first-professional students on this component. Why are there no screens for reporting first-professional students?

Beginning with the 2009-10 collection year, institutions are required to use the new postbaccalaureate degree categories (eliminating the first-professional category and reclassifying those programs). In parts A and B, all postbaccalaureate students are to be reported as graduate students, including doctor's-professional practice students (formerly reported as first-professional).

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## Fall Enrollment by Student Level, Race/Ethnicity and Gender (Part A)

1) Where do I report students if I don't know whether or not they are first-time?

If their status is not indicated directly and the student does not enroll with prior credits or transcripts from another institution, then assume the student is first-time.

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2) If a student enrolled for credit has not indicated whether they intend to earn a degree or certificate, how do I determine whether they are degree/certificate-seeking?

If the student has not indicated any intent but is applying for Title IV federal financial aid, assume the student to be degree/certificate-seeking.

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## 3) Where do I report students who are seeking a second baccalaureate degree?

Report these students in the column labeled "Continuing" degree/certificate-seeking students (column 3). This column is intended to capture all degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students who are not first-time and did not transfer-in to the institution in that Fall.

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**4)** Where do I report a high school student who is enrolled for credit at my institution (a dual enrolled student)? This student would be reported as non-degree/certificate-seeking. Prior to graduating high school, a student is non-degree/certificate-seeking. Once the student graduates high school they can be classified as degree/certificate-seeking, if appropriate.

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5) Where do I report undergraduate students who enrolled at my institution for the first time this fall, but earned college credits during the prior summer?

These students should be reported as first-time undergraduates. The definition of "first-time" allows for students to still be classified as first-time if the college credit they have previously earned occurred in the summer immediately prior to enrollment.

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6) How do I report a student who earned college credit while in high school (a dual enrolled student) and has now graduated high school and enrolled in my institution in the Fall?

If the college credit was earned prior to the student graduating high school, then this student would be considered a first-time student in the Fall. The definition of "first-time" allows for students to still be classified as first-time if the college credit they have previously earned was prior to their high school graduation.

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7) How do I report foreign students living outside the U.S. who are enrolled in my institution?

There has been no change to how these students should be reported. Foreign students living outside the U.S., such as a foreign student living outside the U.S. who is enrolled in distance education at your institution, should be classified in the Race/Ethnicity Unknown category. Only U.S. citizens are to be categorized in the specific Race/Ethnicity categories. The non-resident alien category is reserved specifically for students that are in the U.S. under that specific legal status.

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## Fall Enrollment in Selected Fields (Part A, 4-year institutions only)

1) What do I do if my institution does not offer any of the program areas listed on the CIP selection screen? Select "None of the above" on the CIP selection screen and report all students enrolled for credit, regardless of field of study, on the "Summary Screens" (CIP 99.0000) of Part A.

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2) How do I report students in program areas that do not appear on the CIP selection screen?

The program areas on the CIP selection screen are the only fields for which enrollment data is collected separately. In addition to reporting enrollment by the selected fields requested, report all students enrolled for credit (regardless of field of study) on the "Summary Screens" (CIP 99.0000) of Part A.

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3) How do I report undergraduates who have not yet declared a major?

These students should only be reported on the "Summary Screens" (CIP 99.0000) of Part A, where all students enrolled for credit (regardless of field of study) are reported.

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## Fall Enrollment by Age (Part B)

1) I am not able to enter a number in the "Age unknown/unreported" box. How do I report students whose ages are unknown?

The number of students whose age is unknown will be computed by the data collection system. The difference between the sum of students reported by age category in Part B and the corresponding total enrollment reported in Part A results in the number of students whose age is unknown.

If this results in a negative number, a fatal error will appear and you will need to either correct your data or contact the IPEDS Help Desk for assistance.

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2) My institution uses age range categories that differ from the ones IPEDS uses in Part B. What should I do? In order to have consistent data from all institutions, IPEDS must use standard age categories. Use the students' dates of birth to report the enrollment by IPEDS age categories.

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#### Residence of First-Time Undergraduates (Part C)

1) Some first-time undergraduates at my institution are dependents whose parents are in foreign countries on a temporary basis (e.g., military/diplomatic service). When reporting residence and migration data, what location do I use?

The home state could be the student's or parent's official home state, the state where they are registered to vote or pay taxes, or the state issuing their driver's license. If no such information is available, they would be reported under "State unknown" (57).

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## **Total Undergraduate Entering Class (Part D)**

1) What is the difference between the full-time, first-time degree/certificate-seeking cohort (GRS cohort) and the undergraduate entering class calculated in Part D?

In addition to the students in the full-time, first-time degree/certificate-seeking cohort, the total undergraduate entering class includes part-time students of the same criteria as well as transfers-in and full-and part-time non-degree/certificate-seeking students that are new to your institution in the Fall.

The entering class is intended to represent all students new to an institution in a given fall and provide context for the GRS cohort. The percent of the entering class that is represented by the institution's GRS cohort is included on College Navigator as a note to the graduation rate data displayed.

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## Retention Rates for First-Time Undergraduates (Part E)

1) How is the retention rate calculated?

The retention rate is calculated as follows:

## 4-year Institutions:

first-time bachelor's degree-seeking students in Fall 2010 who are still enrolled in Fall 2011/(first-time bachelor's degree-seeking students in Fall 2010 - cohort exclusions)

## 2-year and Less-than-2-year Institutions:

(first-time students in Fall 2010 who are still enrolled in Fall 2011 + first-time students in Fall 2010 who completed their program by Fall 2011)/(first-time students in Fall 2010 - cohort exclusions)

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2) How do I report students who changed attendance status (part-time to full-time or full-time to part-time) between one fall and the next?

Report students based on their attendance status in the fall the cohort was initially based on, even if that status changed in the following fall.

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3) Are students on a leave of absence from the institution considered retained?

No. Students must be enrolled *for credit* at the institution in the Fall to be considered retained from the previous fall.

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## **Undergraduate Student-to-Faculty Ratio (Part F)**

1) How do I calculate my institution's student-to-faculty ratio?

A worksheet has been provided to guide the process of calculating the student-to-faculty ratio for your institution. The worksheet can be accessed from the Part F screen in the Data Collection System.

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2) Can you provide an example of a stand-alone graduate or professional program (a program such as medicine, law, veterinary, or dentistry in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students)?

An example of a program that would fall into this category (typically a doctor's-professional practice program) is a school of medicine that only awards degrees/certificates at the graduate level and therefore its faculty exclusively (or in some cases almost exclusively) teach graduate students. Programs that are "standalone" graduate programs may have some undergraduate students enrolled in their courses, however a "stand-alone" graduate program would only award degrees/certificates at the graduate level. An example of a graduate program that would not meet this criteria is a school of business that has an undergraduate and graduate program and therefore enrolls both types of students and awards degrees/certificates at both levels. Further, the faculty would teach a mix of undergraduate and graduate students. Excluding "standalone" graduate programs is intended to make the student-to-faculty ratio closer to an undergraduate student-to-faculty ratio than it would be if these programs were included in the calculation, without overburdening institutions.

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3) My institution has graduate and/or doctors-professional practice programs but does not have any "stand-alone" programs. What should I enter on the student and faculty exclusion line items related to these types of programs on the worksheet for Part F?

If your institution does not have any "stand-alone" graduate or professional programs, then enter 0 for students and 0 for faculty in the lines for these types of programs. Most institutions do not have these types of graduate or professional programs, so entering 0 in those lines will be fairly common.

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date: 11/10/2011

## 2011-12 Survey Materials

#### **Narrative Edits**

## **Fall Enrollment for 2-year institutions**

Edit specifications for the 2011-12 IPEDS Web-Based Data Collection Fall Enrollment (EF) Component

Note: The specifications in this document apply to the institutions listed above. Some sections and parts may not apply to your particular institution. Please read the specifications carefully to determine which sections and/or parts apply to your institution.

All screens must be completed in order to lock the survey.

Screening Question

Part A: Enrollment of Students by Race/Ethnicity

Part B: Enrollment of Students by Age

Part C: Residence

Part D: Total Undergraduate Entering Class

Part E: Retention Rates

Part F: Student-to-Faculty Ratio

## **Screening Question**

You must respond to the following screening question. The answer given here will determine which screens your institution is shown.

#### Part C Selection

Completion of *Part C: Residence for First-Time Degree/Certificate-Seeking Undergraduates* is optional for this reporting year. Before continuing, you must indicate the following:

- Do you wish to complete Part C this year?
  - If you respond Yes to the question above, you are required to complete all screens in Part C; if you respond No, then Part C will not be displayed.

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## Part A: Fall Enrollment by Student Level, Race/Ethnicity and Gender

#### **Full-Time Undergraduate Students**

Applicable to institutions that reported full-time undergraduate student enrollment in the IC Header survey

On this screen, you must report the number of **First-time**, **Transfer-in**, and **Continuing** full-time undergraduate degree/certificate-seeking students, as well as the number of full-time undergraduate **Non-degree/non-certificate-seeking** students, enrolled in creditable courses at the institution for each applicable race/ethnicity and gender category.

Based on the data entered, the system will calculate the total number of undergraduate degree/certificate-seeking students, and the grand total number of full-time undergraduate students (degree/certificate-seeking + non-degree/non-certificate-seeking) enrolled for credit by race/ethnicity and gender.

In addition, for each column of data, the system will calculate the total number of men, total number of women, and grand total (men + women) enrolled for credit by student type.

The system will perform the following edits on the data entered:

- The calculated grand total (men + women) for Total full-time undergraduate students must be greater than 0.
- If your institution reported that it <u>enrolls</u> full-time, first-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates in Part B of the IC Header survey, you must report students of this type here. If this type of student is not enrolled and you are receiving this message in error, you may contact the IPEDS Help Desk for assistance.
- If your institution reported that it <u>does not enroll</u> full-time, first-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates in Part B of the IC Header survey, you are <u>not</u> expected to report this type of student here. If this type of student is enrolled and you are receiving this message in error, you may contact the IPEDS Help Desk for assistance.
- If you reported First-time students on this screen, you are also expected to report Transfer-in and/or Continuing students.
   Note:

Academic Reporters Students should ONLY be considered **First-time** if they enrolled in the institution for the first time in the fall of the current year (or the summer immediately preceding).

Program Reporters Students should ONLY be considered **First-time** if they enrolled in the institution for the first time between August 1 and October 31 of the current year.

- For each gender category, if the total number of **Transfer-in** students is greater than 0, then the number of **Continuing** students should also be greater than 0. If this is not the case, then you must *confirm* that the specified values are correct.
- Applicable to public institutions only. The calculated grand total (men + women) for Transfer-in students must be greater than 0.
- For each gender category, the total number of **First-time** students is expected to be within a 50% range of the **prior year** value, if the following statements are true:
  - the total number of **First-time** students reported in the current OR prior year is greater than 30; and
  - the total number of **First-time** students reported in the prior year is between 1 and 100.
- For each gender category, the total number of **First-time** students is expected to be within a 20% range of the **prior year** value, if the following statements are true:
  - the total number of **First-time** students reported in the current OR prior year is greater than 30; and
  - the total number of First-time students reported in the prior year is greater than 100.
- For each gender category, the total number of **degree/certificate-seeking** students is expected to be within a 50% range of the **prior year** value, if the following statements are true:
  - the total number of degree/certificate-seeking students reported in the current OR prior year is greater than 30; and
  - the total number of degree/certificate-seeking students reported in the prior year is between 1 and 100.
- For each gender category, the total number of **degree/certificate-seeking** students is expected to be within a 20% range of the **prior year** value, if the following statements are true:
  - the total number of **degree/certificate-seeking** students reported in the current OR prior year is greater than 30; and
  - the total number of degree/certificate-seeking students reported in the prior year is greater than 100.
- For each gender category, the total number of **full-time undergraduate students** is expected to be within a 50% range of the **prior year** value, if the following statements are true:
  - the total number of full-time undergraduate students reported in the current OR prior year is greater than 30; and
  - the total number of **full-time undergraduate students** reported in the prior year is between 1 and 100.
- For each gender category, the total number of **full-time undergraduate students** is expected to be within a 20% range of the **prior year** value, if the following statements are true:
  - the total number of full-time undergraduate students reported in the current OR prior year is greater than 30; and
  - the total number of full-time undergraduate students reported in the prior year is greater than 100.

# Part-Time Undergraduate Students

Applicable to institutions that reported part-time undergraduate student enrollment in the IC Header survey

On this screen, you must report the number of **First-time**, **Transfer-in**, and **Continuing** part-time undergraduate degree/certificate-seeking students, as well as the number of part-time undergraduate **Non-degree/non-certificate-seeking** students, enrolled in creditable courses at the institution for each applicable race/ethnicity and gender category.

Based on the data entered, the system will calculate the total number of undergraduate degree/certificate-seeking students, and the grand total number of part-time undergraduate students (degree/certificate-seeking + non-degree/non-certificate-seeking) enrolled for credit by race/ethnicity and gender.

In addition, for each column of data, the system will calculate the total number of men, total number of women, and grand total (men + women) enrolled for credit by student type.

The system will perform the following edits on the data entered:

• The calculated grand total (men + women) for Total part-time undergraduate students must be greater than 0.

- If your institution reported that it enrolls part-time, first-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates in Part B of the IC Header survey, you must report students of this type here. If this type of student is not enrolled and you are receiving this message in error, you may contact the IPEDS Help Desk for assistance.
- If your institution reported that it does not enroll part-time, first-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates in Part B of the IC Header survey, you are not expected to report this type of student here. If this type of student is enrolled and you are receiving this message in error, you may contact the IPEDS Help Desk for assistance.
- If you reported First-time students on this screen, you are also expected to report Transfer-in and/or Continuing students.

#### Note:

Academic Reporters Students should ONLY be considered **First-time** if they enrolled in the institution for the first time in the fall of the current year (or the summer immediately preceding).

Program Reporters Students should ONLY be considered **First-time** if they enrolled in the institution for the first time between August 1 and October 31 of the current year.

- For each gender category, if the total number of **Transfer-in** students is greater than 0, then the number of **Continuing** students should also be greater than 0. If this is not the case, you must *confirm* that the specified values are correct.
- For each gender category, the total number of **First-time** students is expected to be within a 50% range of the **prior year** value, if the following statements are true:
  - the total number of **First-time** students reported in the current OR prior year is greater than 30; and
  - the total number of **First-time** students reported in the prior year is between 1 and 100.
- For each gender category, the total number of **First-time** students is expected to be within a 20% range of the **prior year** value, if the following statements are true:
  - the total number of First-time students reported in the current OR prior year is greater than 30; and
  - the total number of **First-time** students reported in the prior year is greater than 100.
- For each gender category, the total number of **degree/certificate-seeking** students is expected to be within a 50% range of the **prior year** value, if the following statements are true:
  - the total number of **degree/certificate-seeking** students reported in the current OR prior year is greater than 30; and
  - the total number of degree/certificate-seeking students reported in the prior year is between 1 and 100.
- For each gender category, the total number of **degree/certificate-seeking** students is expected to be within a 20% range of the **prior year** value, if the following statements are true:
  - the total number of degree/certificate-seeking students reported in the current OR prior year is greater than 30; and
  - the total number of **degree/certificate-seeking** students reported in the prior year is greater than 100.
- For each gender category, the total number of **part-time undergraduate students** is expected to be within a 50% range of the **prior year** value, if the following statements are true:
  - the total number of part-time undergraduate students reported in the current OR prior year is greater than 30; and
  - the total number of part-time undergraduate students reported in the prior year is between 1 and 100.
- For each gender category, the total number of **part-time undergraduate students** is expected to be within a 20% range of the **prior year** value, if the following statements are true:
  - the total number of part-time undergraduate students reported in the current OR prior year is greater than 30; and
  - the total number of **part-time undergraduate students** reported in the prior year is greater than 100.

## **Fall Enrollment Summary**

This screen displays a summary of the data reported in *Part A* of this survey, including **Total full-time students**, **Total part-time students**, and **Grand total**, **all students** enrolled at the institution by race/ethnicity and gender.

The system will perform the following edits on the data entered:

- The calculated Grand Total (men + women) enrolled must be greater than 0.
- For each race/ethnicity category where the current and prior year values are greater than 0, the system will calculate the percentage of **Total men** (full-time + part-time) that are from that category in both the current and prior year. The current year derived percentage must be within 20% of the prior year derived percentage; otherwise, you must *confirm* that the current year value is correct.
- For each race/ethnicity category where the current and prior year values are greater than 0, the system will calculate the percentage of **Total women** (full-time + part-time) that are from that category in both the current and prior year. The current year derived percentage must be within 20% of the prior year derived percentage; otherwise, you must *confirm* that the current year value is correct.

In **Part B** you must report the number of students enrolled for credit at the institution by age distribution and gender for each of the following student types (as applicable based on enrollment reported in the IC Header survey):

- Full-time undergraduate
- Part-time undergraduate

For each applicable type of student, the system will calculate the total number of students reported in **Part B** by gender and subtract this value from the corresponding total from **Part A** to determine the number of students with **Age unknown/unreported**.

The system will perform the following edits on the data entered for each applicable student type:

- If the number of **Men** reported is greater than 0, then you are expected to report enrollment for the corresponding student type in **Part A**.
- If the number of **Women** reported is greater than 0, then you are expected to report enrollment for the corresponding student type in **Part A**.
- The number of full-time undergraduate students with Age unknown/unreported must be greater than or equal to 0.

**Note:** If this number is less than 0, it is because the sum of men and women from all age groups is greater than the number of students reported for the corresponding student type in **Part A**. Corrections must be made to the data in one or both parts to resolve the *fatal* error that will occur.

• The number of students with **Age unknown/unreported** must be less than 20% of the number of students reported for the corresponding student type in **Part A**.

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#### Part C: Residence

Applicable to institutions that answered Yes to the Part C Selection screening question at the beginning of the survey

## **Screening Question**

You must answer **Yes** or **No** to the following screening question. The answer given here will determine which screens your institution is shown.

• Did any of the first-time, degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students reported in Part A enroll within 12 months of graduating high school or receiving their GED?

The system will perform the following edit on the data entered:

• If your institution reported that you enroll full-time, first-time degree/certificate seeking undergraduate students in Part B of the IC Header survey, then you are expected to respond **Yes** to the screening question above.

## Freshman Residence (3 screens)

Applicable to institutions that answered Yes to the Part C Screening Question

On these screens you must report the number of first-time, degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students enrolled in the institution (column 1), and the number of these students who enrolled within 12 months of graduating high school or receiving a GED (column 2) by State of residence when student was first admitted. This includes all states and US territories, along with additional "State Unknown" and "Foreign Countries" categories, each with its own unique 2-digit FIPS Code.

On the final screen in *Part C*, the system will calculate the number of students with **Residence unknown/unreported** (FIPS Code 98) by subtracting the sum of all students entered in **column 1** from the total number of first-time, degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students (full-time and part-time) reported in *Part A*.

The system will perform the following edits on the data entered:

- For each FIPS Code, the number of students reported in column 1 must be greater than the number of students reported in column 2.
- The total number of students entered in **column 2** must be greater than 0.

- The total number of students entered in column 2 must be greater than or equal to 20% of the total number of students entered in column 1.
- The number of students with Residence unknown/unreported must be greater than or equal to 0.

**Note:** If this number is less than 0, it is because the total number of students entered in **column 1** is greater than the total number of first-time, degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students (full-time and part-time) reported in **Part A**. Corrections must be made to the data in one or both parts to resolve the *fatal* error that will occur.

• The number of students with **Residence unknown/unreported** must be less than 20% of the total number of first-time, degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students (full-time and part-time) reported in **Part A**.

**Note:** You must report state of residence for the maximum number of students possible. If you are unable to provide at least 20% of residences, you must enter an explanation.

- The number of students from State Unknown (FIPS Code 57) is expected to be less than 20% of the total number of first-time, degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students (full-time and part-time) reported in Part A.
- Applicable to public institutions only. The total number of first-time, degree/certificate seeking undergraduate students in your institution's "home state" is expected to be greater than or equal to 20% of the total number of first-time, degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students (full-time and part-time) reported in **Part A**.
- If you reported residence data for **First-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates** in **Part C**, you are also expected to report **First-time undergraduate students** (either full-time or part-time) in **Part A**.

## Freshman Residence (3 screens)

Applicable to institutions that answered No to the Part C Screening Question

On these screens you must report the number of first-time, degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students enrolled in the institution (column 1) by State of residence when student was first admitted. This includes all states and US territories, along with additional "State Unknown" and "Foreign Countries" categories, each with its own unique 2-digit FIPS Code.

On the final screen in *Part C*, the system will determine the number of students with **Residence unknown/unreported** (FIPS Code 98) by subtracting the sum of <u>all</u> students entered in **column 1** from the total number of first-time, degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students (full-time and part-time) reported in *Part A*.

The system will perform the following edits on the data entered:

The number of students with Residence unknown/unreported must be greater than or equal to 0.

**Note:** If this number is less than 0, it is because the total number of students entered in **column 1** is greater than the total number of first-time, degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students (full-time and part-time) reported in **Part A**. Corrections must be made to the data in one or both parts to resolve the *fatal* error that will occur.

• The number of students with **Residence unknown/unreported** must be less than 20% of the total number of first-time, degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students (full-time and part-time) reported in **Part A**.

**Note:** You must report state of residence for the maximum number of students possible. If you are unable to provide at least 20% of residences, you must enter an *explanation*.

- The number of students from State Unknown (FIPS Code 57) is expected to be less than 20% of the total number of first-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students (full-time and part-time) reported in Part A.
- Applicable to public institutions only. The total number of first-time, degree/certificate seeking undergraduate students in your institution's "home state" is expected to be greater than or equal to 20% of the total number of first-time, degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students (full-time and part-time) reported in **Part A**.
- If you reported residence data for **First-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates** in **Part C**, you are also expected to report **First-time undergraduate students** (either full-time or part-time) in **Part A**.

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## Part D: Total Undergraduate Entering Class

On this screen, several data items from *Part A* of this survey are preloaded for your reference. This includes:

- **Line D1:** The number of full-time, first-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates reported (your GRS cohort).
- **Line D2:** The total number of first-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates (full-time + part-time) reported.

- Line D3: The total number of transfer-in degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates (full-time + part-time) reported.
- Line D4: The total number of non-degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates (full-time + part-time) reported.

You must report the following information for **line D5**:

• Of the total non-degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates displayed on line D4, the number that are new to the institution in Fall 2011.

Based on this additional data, the system will calculate the total number of students entering at the undergraduate level (Line D2 + Line D3 + Line D5), as well as the percentage of those students who are represented by the GRS cohort (Line D1 / Line D6).

The system will perform the following edits on the data entered for **Line D5**:

- If none of your non-degree/certificate seeking students are new to the institution this Fall, then you must report zero students for **line D5**. This field cannot be left blank.
- The number of students entered for **line D5** is expected to be greater than 0. If this is not the case, then you must *confirm*.
- The number of students entered for **line D5** must be less than or equal to the number of students in **line D4**.
- The number of students entered for **line D5** should not be equal to those in **line D4** since this would indicate that the institution's entering class is 100% of the GRS cohort. If the institution's entering class is 100% of the GRS cohort, then you must *confirm*.

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#### Part E: Retention Rates

On this screen, you must report the retention rates for the Full-time, first-time cohort and the Part-time, first-time cohort.

**Note:** Academic reporters report retention data as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15. Program reporters report retention data on students enrolled in the institution at any time between August 1 and October 31.

#### Full-time, first-time cohort retention

For the **Full-time** portion of this screen, you must report the number of students in the **Full-time**, **first-time Fall 2010 cohort**, as well as any **Exclusions from the cohort**. Once the screen is saved, the system will display the difference between the two in the **Adjusted cohort** field.

In addition, the number of **Students from Fall 2010 cohort still enrolled OR completed as of Fall 2011** must be reported in order to determine the **Full-time**, **first-time Fall 2010 cohort retention rate** percentage.

The system will perform the following edits on the data entered for the **Full-time** portion of this screen:

- The Full-time, first-time Fall 2010 cohort is expected to be within a 20% range of the Preloaded cohort.
- If the **Full-time**, **first-time Fall 2010 cohort** is greater than 0, then the **Exclusions from the cohort** must be less than 50% of all students in the **Full-time**, **first-time Fall 2010 cohort**.
- If the **Adjusted cohort** is greater than 0, then the number of **Students from Fall 2010 cohort still enrolled OR completed as of Fall 2011** is expected to be greater than 0.
- The number of **Students from Fall 2010 cohort still enrolled OR completed as of Fall 2011** must be less than the **Adjusted cohort**.
- The number of **Students from Fall 2010 cohort still enrolled OR completed as of Fall 2011** is expected to be greater than or equal to 15% of the **Adjusted cohort**.
- If the number of **Students from Fall 2010 cohort still enrolled OR completed as of Fall 2011** is equal to the **Adjusted cohort**, then you must confirm a retention rate of 100% for that cohort.
- If you reported enrollment for full-time, first-time students in last year's Fall Enrollment survey, then you are expected to report full-time, first-time students on this screen. If this type of student is not enrolled and you are receiving this message in error, you may contact the IPEDS Help Desk for assistance.
- If you did <u>not</u> report enrollment for full-time, first-time students in last year's Fall Enrollment survey, then you are <u>not</u> expected to report full-time, first-time students on this screen. If this type of student is enrolled and you are receiving this message in error, you may contact the IPEDS Help Desk for assistance.

#### Part-time, first-time cohort retention

For the **Part-time** portion of this screen, you must report the number of students in the **Part-time, first-time Fall 2010 cohort**, as well as any **Exclusions from the cohort**. Once the screen is saved, the system will display the difference between the two in the **Adjusted cohort** field.

In addition, the number of **Students from Fall 2010 cohort still enrolled OR completed as of Fall 2011** must be reported in order to determine the **Part-time, first-time Fall 2010 cohort retention rate** percentage.

The system will perform the following edits on the data entered for the **Part-time** portion of this screen:

- The Part-time, first-time Fall 2010 cohort is expected to be within a 20% range of the Preloaded cohort.
- If the Part-time, first-time Fall 2010 cohort is greater than 0, then the Exclusions from the cohort must be less than 50% of all students in the Part -time, first-time Fall 2010 cohort.
- If the **Adjusted cohort** is greater than 0, then the number of **Students from Fall 2010 cohort still enrolled OR completed as of Fall 2011** is expected to be greater than 0.
- The number of **Students from Fall 2010 cohort still enrolled OR completed as of Fall 2011** must be less than the **Adjusted cohort**.
- If the number of **Students from Fall 2010 cohort still enrolled OR completed as of Fall 2011** is equal to the **Adjusted cohort**, then you must *confirm* a retention rate of 100% for that cohort.
- If you reported enrollment for part-time, first-time students in last year's Fall Enrollment survey, then you are expected to report part-time, first-time students on this screen. If this type of student is not enrolled and you are receiving this message in error, you may contact the IPEDS Help Desk for assistance.
- If you did <u>not</u> report enrollment for part-time, first-time students in last year's Fall Enrollment survey, then you are <u>not</u> expected to report part-time, first-time students on this screen. If this type of student is enrolled and you are receiving this message in error, you may contact the IPEDS Help Desk for assistance.

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## Part F: Student-to-Faculty Ratio

On this screen, you must report your institution's **Student-to-faculty ratio** (e.g., student-to-instructional staff ratio) for Fall 2011 using the ratio format provided. Additional resources are available, including the prior year student-to-faculty ratio, and a worksheet for assistance in determining your institution's student-to-faculty ratio.

**Note:** The student-to-faculty ratio and any accompanying context provided on this screen will be displayed on College Navigator.

The system will perform the following edits on the data entered:

- The ratio entered here is expected to be greater than 0 to 1.
- If the ratio entered is between 51 to 1 and 100 to 1, an explanation is required.
- If the ratio entered is greater than 100 to 1, a fatal error will occur.

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